

**NOTICE 44 OF 2014**

**INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION**

**NOTICE OF INITIATION OF A SUNSET REVIEW OF ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES ON WIRE ROPES AND CABLES OF A DIAMETER EXCEEDING 32MM ORIGINATING IN OR IMPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM (THE UK) AND GERMANY AND ON STRANDED WIRE OF A DIAMETER EXCEEDING OR EQUAL TO 12.7MM ORIGINATING IN OR IMPORTED FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (THE PRC)**

In accordance with the provisions in Section 53.1 of the Anti-Dumping Regulations, any definitive anti-dumping duty shall be terminated on a date not later than five years from its imposition, unless the authorities determine, in a review initiated before that date on their own initiative or upon a duly substantiated request made by or on behalf of the domestic industry within a reasonable period of time prior to that date, that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties would likely lead to continuation and/or recurrence of dumping and material injury.

On 28 June 2013, the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) notified the interested parties through Notice No. 664 of 2013 in Government Gazette No. 36592, that unless a substantiated request is made indicating that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties on imports of wire ropes and cables and stranded wire originating in or imported from Germany, the United Kingdom, China and South Korea and countervailing duties on wire ropes and cables and stranded wire originating in or imported from India would likely lead to the continuation and/or recurrence of dumping and injury, the anti-dumping and countervailing duties will expire on 12 February 2014.

On 01 November 2013 the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) received a sunset review application from Scaw South Africa (Pty) Ltd.

#### **THE APPLICANT**

The application was lodged by Scaw South Africa (Pty) Ltd, representing 100 per cent by production volume of the SACU producers. The applicant submitted sufficient evidence and established a *prima facie* case to enable the Commission to arrive at a reasonable conclusion that a sunset review investigation should be initiated.

#### **THE PRODUCT**

The product allegedly being dumped is wire ropes and cables of a diameter exceeding 32mm classifiable under tariff subheadings 7312.10.25 and 7312.10.40 originating in or imported from the United Kingdom and Germany and on stranded wire of a diameter exceeding or equal to 12.7mm classifiable under tariff subheading 7312.10.20 originating in or imported from the PRC .

#### **THE ALLEGATION OF THE CONTINUATION AND/OR RECURRENCE OF DUMPING**

The allegation of continuation and/or recurrence of dumping is based on the comparison between the normal values and the export prices.

The normal value for the UK was determined based on UK exports of the subject product to Canada and an adjustment for inland freight was made to bring the FOB price to an ex-factory price. The normal value for Germany was determined based on German exports of the subject product to Austria and an adjustment for inland freight was made to bring the FOB price to an ex-factory price. The normal value for China was determined based on a constructed cost and price build-up.

The export prices for the UK and Germany were determined based on exports of the subject product from the UK and Germany to South Africa and an adjustment for inland freight was made to bring the FOB price to an ex-factory price. The export price for the PRC was determined based on an export quotation and an adjustment for inland freight was made to bring the FOB price to an ex-factory price.

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of the likelihood of recurrence of dumping if the anti-dumping duties are removed.

### **THE ALLEGATION OF CONTINUATION AND/OR RECURRENCE OF MATERIAL INJURY**

The applicant alleged and submitted *prima facie* evidence to indicate that should the anti-dumping duties be removed, alleged dumped import volumes would increase to the same level as before the imposition of the anti-dumping duties and as a result there is a likelihood that the applicant will experience price undercutting, price depression and price suppression. The applicant's information indicated that there is a likelihood that it would also experience a decline in sales volume and value, inventory, profit margins, production volume, market share, return on net assets, employment, utilisation of capacity, growth, employment and negative cash flow, should the anti-dumping duties be removed.

On this basis the Commission found that there is *prima facie* proof indicating a likelihood of recurrence or continuation of material injury if the anti-dumping duties are removed.

### **PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION**

The investigation period for dumping is from 01 June 2012 to 31 May 2013, and the injury investigation involves evaluation of data for the period of 01 January 2010 to 31 December 2012 and estimates should anti-dumping duties be removed, plus an additional five months information for 2010 to 2013 (1 January to 31 May).

## PROCEDURAL FRAMEWORK

Having decided that there is sufficient evidence and a *prima facie* case to justify the initiation of a sunset review investigation, the Commission has begun an investigation in terms of section 16 of the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (the ITA Act). The Commission will conduct its investigation in accordance with the relevant sections of the ITA Act, and the Anti-Dumping Regulations of the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (ADR) giving due regard to the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 (the Anti-Dumping Agreement). Both the ITA Act and the ADR are available on the Commission's website ([www.itac.org.za](http://www.itac.org.za)) or from the Trade Remedies section, on request.

In order to obtain the information it deems necessary for its investigation, the Commission will send non-confidential versions of the application and questionnaires to all known importers and exporters, and known representative associations. The trade representative of the exporting country has also been notified. Importers and other interested parties are invited to contact the Commission as soon as possible in order to determine whether they have been listed and were furnished with the relevant documentation. If not, they should immediately ensure that they are sent copies. The questionnaire has to be completed and any other representations must be made within the time limit set out below.

## CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Please note that if any information is considered to be confidential, a non-confidential version of the information must be submitted for the public file, simultaneously with the confidential version. In submitting a non-confidential version, the following rules are strictly applicable and parties must indicate:

- where confidential information has been omitted and the nature of such information;
- reasons for such confidentiality;

- a summary of the confidential information which permits a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information; and
- in exceptional cases, where information is not susceptible to summary, reasons must be submitted to this effect.

This rule applies to all parties and to all correspondence with and submissions to the Commission, which unless indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other interested parties.

If a party considers that any document of another party, on which that party is submitting representations, does not comply with the above rules and that such deficiency affects that party's ability to make meaningful representations, the details of the deficiency and the reasons why that party's rights are so affected must be submitted to the Commission in writing forthwith (and at the latest 14 days prior to the date on which that party's submission is due). Failure to do so timeously will seriously hamper the proper administration of the investigation, and such party will not be able to subsequently claim an inability to make meaningful representations on the basis of the failure of such other party to meet the requirements.

Subsection 33(1) of the ITA Act provides that any person claiming confidentiality of information should identify whether such information is *confidential by nature* or is *otherwise confidential* and, any such claims must be supported by a written statement, in each case, setting out how the information satisfies the requirements of the claim to confidentiality. In the alternative, a sworn statement should be made setting out reasons why it is impossible to comply with these requirements.

Section 2.3 of the ADR provides as follows:

*"The following list indicates "information that is by nature confidential" as per section 33(1)(a) of the Main Act, read with section 36 of the Promotion of Access to Information*

*Act (Act 2 of 2000):*

- (a) management accounts;*
- (b) financial accounts of a private company;*
- (c) actual and individual sales prices;*
- (d) actual costs, including cost of production and importation cost;*
- (e) actual sales volumes;*
- (f) individual sales prices;*
- (g) information, the release of which could have serious consequences for the person that provided such information; and*
- (h) information that would be of significant competitive advantage to a competitor;*

*Provided that a party submitting such information indicates it to be confidential.”*

## **ADDRESS**

The response to the questionnaire and any information regarding this matter and any arguments concerning the allegation of dumping and the resulting threat of material injury must be submitted in writing to the following address:

### **Physical address**

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies II  
International Trade Administration Commission of  
South Africa  
Uuzaji – The DTI Campus  
77 Meintjies Street  
SUNNYSIDE  
PRETORIA  
SOUTH AFRICA

### **Postal address**

The Senior Manager:  
Trade Remedies II  
Private Bag X753  
PRETORIA  
0001  
SOUTH AFRICA

## PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies II, should receive all responses, including non-confidential copies of the responses, not later than 30 days from the date hereof, or from the date on which the letter accompanying the abovementioned questionnaire was received. The said letter shall be deemed to have been received seven days after the day of its dispatch.

Late submissions will not be accepted except with the prior written consent of the Commission. The Commission will give due consideration to written requests for an extension of not more than 14 days on good cause shown (properly motivated and substantiated), if received prior to the expiry of the original 30-day period. Merely citing insufficient time is not an acceptable reason for extension. Please note that the Commission will not consider requests for extension by an Embassy on behalf of exporters.

The information submitted by any party may need to be verified by the Investigating Officers in order for the Commission to take such information into consideration. The Commission may verify the information at the premises of the party submitting the information, within a short period after the submission of the information to the Commission. Parties should therefore ensure that the information submitted would subsequently be available for verification. It is planned to do the verification of the information submitted by the exporters within three to five weeks subsequent to submission of the information. This period will only be extended if it is not feasible for the Commission to do it within this time period or upon good cause shown, and with the prior written consent of the Commission, which should be requested at the time of the submission. It should be noted that unavailability of, or inconvenience to consultants, will not be considered to be good cause.

Parties should also ensure when they engage consultants, that they will be available at the requisite times, to ensure compliance with the above time frames.

Parties should also ensure that all the information requested in the applicable questionnaire is provided in the specified detail and format. The questionnaires are designed to ensure that the Commission is provided with all the information required to make a determination. The Commission may therefore refuse to verify information that is incomplete or does not comply with the format in the questionnaire, unless the Commission has agreed in writing to a deviation from the required format. Failure to submit an adequate non-confidential version of the response that complies with the rules set out above, under the heading *Confidential Information* will be regarded as an incomplete submission.

Parties who experience difficulty in furnishing the information required, or submitting it in the format required, are therefore urged to make written applications to the Commission at an early stage for permission to deviate from the questionnaire or provide the information in an alternative format that can satisfy the Commission's requirements. The Commission will give due consideration to such a request on good cause shown.

Any interested party may request an oral hearing in accordance with Section 5 of the ADR, provided that the party indicates reasons for not relying on written submissions only. The Commission may refuse an oral hearing if granting such hearing will unduly delay the finalisation of a determination. Parties requesting an oral hearing must provide the Commission with a detailed agenda for, and a detailed version, including a non-confidential version, of the information to be discussed at the oral hearing at the time of the request.



If the required information and arguments are not received in a satisfactory form within the time limit specified above, or if verification of the information cannot take place, the Commission may disregard the information submitted and make a finding on the basis of the facts available to it.

**Enquiries may be directed to the investigating officers, Ms Sandile Dladla at +27 12 – 394 3685 or at [SDladla@itac.org.za](mailto:SDladla@itac.org.za) and Ms Mercy Mukwevho at +27 12 - 394 3907 or at [MMukwevho@itac.org.za](mailto:MMukwevho@itac.org.za).**